## NORTH BROMYARD GROUP PARISH COUNCIL

### CODE OF CONDUCT

### Part 1

### General provisions

## Introduction and interpretation

- **1.** (1) This Code applies to **you** as a member or co-opted member of North Bromyard Group Parish Council.
  - (2) You should read this Code together with the Ten Principles of Public Life which are set out in Appendix 1.
  - (3) It is your responsibility to comply with the provisions of this Code.
  - (4) In this Code—

"meeting" means any meeting of

- (a) the authority;
- (b) any of the authority's committees, sub-committees, joint committees, joint sub-committees, or area committees;
- (c) the executive (Cabinet) of the authority or its committees (Not applicable to Parish Councils or authorities not operating executive arrangements)

"Monitoring Officer" means the Monitoring Officer for the principal Council which is Hereford County Council;

### Scope

- 2. (1) This Code applies to you as a member of this authority when you act in your role as a Member or as a representative of the authority in the circumstances described in para 2 (b) below.
  - (2) Where you act as a representative of the authority:
    - (a) on another relevant authority, you must, when acting for that other authority, comply with that other authority's code of conduct; or
    - (b) on any other body, you must, when acting for that other body, comply with the authority's code of conduct, except and insofar as it

conflicts with any other lawful obligations to which that other body may be subject.

## **General obligations**

- **3.** (1) You must treat others with respect.
  - (2) You must not:
    - (a) do anything which may cause your authority to breach any of the equality enactments;
    - (b) bully any person;
    - (c) intimidate or attempt to intimidate any person who is or is likely to be:
      - (i) a complainant,
      - (ii) a witness, or
      - (iii) involved in the administration of any investigation or proceedings,

in relation to an allegation that a member (including yourself) has failed to comply with the authority's Code of Conduct;

(d) do anything which compromises or is likely to compromise the impartiality of those who work for, or on behalf of, the authority.

### **4.** You must not:

- (a) disclose information given to you in confidence by anyone, or information acquired by you which you believe, or ought reasonably to be aware, is of a confidential nature, except where:
  - (i) you have the consent of a person authorised to give it;
  - (ii) you are required by law to do so;
  - (iii) the disclosure is made to a third party for the purpose of obtaining professional advice provided that the third party agrees not to disclose the information to any other person; or
  - (iv) the disclosure is:
    - (aa) reasonable and in the public interest; and
    - (bb) made in good faith and in compliance with the reasonable requirements of the authority; or

- (b) prevent another person from gaining access to information to which that person is entitled by law.
- 5. You must not conduct yourself in a manner which could reasonably be regarded as bringing your office or authority into disrepute.

### **6.** You:

- (a) must not use or attempt to use your position as a member improperly to confer on or secure for yourself or any other person, an advantage or disadvantage; and
- (b) must, when using or authorising the use by others of the resources of, or under the control of, the authority:
  - (i) act in accordance with the authority's reasonable requirements;
  - (ii) ensure that such resources are not used improperly for political purposes (including party political purposes); and
- (c) must have regard to any applicable Local Authority Code of Publicity.

### **7.** You must:

- (a) when reaching decisions on any matter have regard to any relevant advice provided to you by the authority's officers and in particular by the authority's Monitoring Officer and Section 151 Officer; and
- (b) give reasons for all decisions in accordance with any statutory requirements and any reasonable additional requirements imposed by the authority
- 8. You must not place yourself under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might seek to influence you in the performance of your official duties.

# Section 2 – Councillor Code of Conduct 5.2.1 Introduction

5.2.2 This code has been adopted by the council as required by section 27 of the Localism Act 2011. The Council has a statutory duty to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by members and co-opted members of the council. The code sets out the standards that the council expects members to observe.

### 5.2.3 Who does the code apply to?

5.2.4 The code applies to all members of the council and to all co-opted members of any committee, subcommittee or joint committee.

### 5.2.5 When does the code apply?

5.2.6 The code applies whenever a member is acting in his or her capacity as a member, a representative of the council or when they claim to act or give the impression of acting as a member or representative of the council. It does not seek to regulate what members do in their purely private and personal lives, unless such conduct brings the council into disrepute.

## 5.2.7 What standards of conduct are members required to observe?

5.2.8 When carrying out their role members should always act in accordance with the seven principles of public life, the council's PEOPLE values and the following standards;

The seven principles of public life	Standards of conduct
Selflessness Holders of public office should act solely in the public interest.	A.1 Serve the public A.2 Only take decisions in the public interest A.3 Treat everyone that they deal with equally and with respect and courtesy
Integrity Holders of public office must avoid placing themselves under any obligation to people organisations that might try inappropriately influence them in their work. They should nake decisions in order to gain financial or material benefits for themselves, their family friends. They must declare and resolve any and relationships	to provisions of this code of conduct. bther B.2 Should not place themselves in a position where

	B.4 Should declare gifts and hospitality that they are offered whether accepted or not where the value exceeds £20 B.5 Maintain confidentiality and not disclose information given to them in confidence
Objectivity Holders of public office must act and take decisions impartially, fairly and on merit, using the best evidence and without discrimination or bias	C.1 Act and take decisions impartially, fairly and on merit, using the best evidence and without discrimination or bias
Accountability Holders of public office are accountable to the public for their decisions and actions and must submit themselves to the scrutiny necessary to ensure this.	D.1 Be accountable to the public for their decisions and actions D.2 Co-operate fully with any scrutiny appropriate to their particular role or office D.3 Act in accordance with the member and officer relations code D.4 Act in accordance with the constitution procedural rules and codes D.5 Do not prevent another person from gaining access to information to which that person is entitled to by law
Openness Holders of public office should act and take decisions in an open and transparent manner. Information should not be withheld from the public unless there are clear and lawful reasons for so doing.	E.1 Be as open as possible about their decisions and actions and should give reason for their decisions and actions E.2 Complete and maintain an up to date register of interests E.3 Do draw attention to any code of conduct interest when performing their duties as a Member E.4 Do not bully, harass, intimidate or attempt to intimidate any person
Honesty Holders of public office should be truthful.	F.1 Be truthful F.2 Declare any private interests that relate to their duties as a Member and resolve any such conflict in a way that protects the public interest F.3 Only use the resources of the authority in accordance with the reasonable requirements set out for their use from time to time.
Leadership Holders of public office should exhibit these principles in their own behaviour. They should actively promote and robustly support the principles and be willing to	G.1 Actively promote and robustly support leadership principles G.2 Be willing to challenge poor behaviour wherever it occurs

challenge poor behaviour wherever it occurs.	G.3 Never undertake any action
	which would bring the council,
	members or officers into disrepute
	G.4 Never make vexatious,
	malicious or frivolous complaints
	against other members or anyone
	who works for, or on behalf of,
	your authority

### 5.2.9 Code of conduct interests

### 5.2.10 Registerable Interests

5.2.11 The monitoring officer will maintain a register of interests which can be inspected at Herefordshire Council, Governance and Democratic Services, 33-35 Union Street, St Peters Square, Hereford, HR1 2HX and found at Members' Register of Interests. 5.2.12 The register of interests contains two schedules. Schedule 1 are interests defined by regulations made under section 30(3) of the Localism Act 2011("the Act"), Schedule 2 are interests that Herefordshire council considers are appropriate to register and disclose.

**5.2.13 Schedule 1 Interests** (defined as disclosable pecuniary interests under the Act) may be amended from time to time by regulation but at 19 May 2017 were:

Employment, office, trade or	Any employment, office, trade, profession		
	1		
profession	or vocation carried out for profit or gain		
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other		
	financial benefit (other than from the		
	relevant authority) made or provided within		
	the relevant period in respect of any		
	expenses incurred by a person in carrying		
	out duties as a member, or towards the		
	election expenses of that person		
Contracts	Any contract which is made between the		
	relevant person (or body in which the		
	relevant person has a beneficial interest)		
	and the relevant authority-		
	Under which goods or services are to be		
	provided or works are to be executed; and		
	2. Which has not been fully discharged		
	2. Which has not been fully discharged		
Land	Any beneficial interest in land which is		
	within the area of the relevant authority		
	The same area or and reservant assuremy		
Licenses	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to		
	occupy land in the area of the relevant		
	authority for a month or longer		
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to the persons		
	knowledge):		
	1. The landlord is the relevant authority;		
	and		
	2. The tenant is a body in which the		
	2. The tenant is a body in which the		

	relevant person has a beneficial interest		
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where:  1. That body (to the persons knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the relevant authority; and  2. Either:-  2.1 The total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or  2.2 If the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares in any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest that exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class		

## 5.2.14 Schedule 2 interests are:

Any body of which the member is in a position of general control or management (this does not include general membership or subscription or where the member is appointed or nominated by the council)	Including Any body exercising functions of a public nature Any body directed to charitable purposes Any body whose principle purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party) Any body which is not open to the public without formal membership
Any gifts or hospitality which the member has been offered by virtue of their office (whether accepted or refused) where in excess of £20	
Trade Union membership	

## 5.2.15 Other declarable interests

5.2.16 If a matter to be considered affects the welfare or financial position (positively or negatively) of the member, a member of their family, and or a close personal associate to a greater extent than others in the member's ward: then there is a requirement to declare such an interest.

# 5.2.17 Where a member has a registrable or other interest as detailed above the following applies:

What is the interest?	Do I have to complete the form and register?	Do I have to declare this interest?	When do I disclose the interest?	Can I participate?	Can I vote?	Do I have to leave the room?
Schedule 1	√Yes  Within 28 days of: election re-election disclosing in a meeting a previously undisclosed interest becoming aware of any change or new interest	√ Yes verbally At a meeting  √ Yes Where making a decision either as an individual member or collectively √ Yes When acting in the capacity of a member  If the interest is in the matter being considered	As soon as you are aware that you have an interest	X No <sub>3</sub>	X No	√Yes
Schedule 2	√ Yes As for schedule 1 interests above	√ Yes As for schedule 1 interes above	As soon as you are tsaware that you have an interest	X No	X No	√Yes
Other declarable interests	Welfare X No Financial X No	√ Yes As for schedule 1 interests above	As soon as you are aware that you have an interest	√Yes X No	√Yes X No	X No X No

<sup>2</sup> Unless the monitoring officer has determined that the interest is a sensitive one

<sup>3</sup> Unless a dispensation has been granted by the monitoring officer or at an audit and governance committee meeting as appropriate